

## SHIRE OF SHARK BAY

INFORMATION SHEET
FRONT FENCES IN RESIDENTIAL AREAS

### 1.0 INTRODUCTION

The Residential Design Codes contain planning controls over any fencing in the front setback area, which includes any fencing in front of a house.

The majority of lots within Denham have a base code of Residential R10 or R12.5, so single houses have a front setback requirement of 7.5 metres.


The front setback is an average distance required to dwellings, and it should be noted that dwellings may be setback further on a lot.

If a lot has been developed to a higher density (such as units), then a different front setback may apply.

If you are unsure of your front setback, you can liaise with the Shire's Consultant Planner.

### 2.0 FRONT FENCING REQUIREMENTS

Front fencing is controlled by State Planning Policy No 7.3 - Residential Design Codes ('the Codes'). The Codes apply state wide to all residential zoned lots.

The Residential Design Codes include 'deemed to comply' requirements for front fencing. If you can comply with all of these requirements, your fence will not require planning approval.

### 2.1 Solid front fencing up to 1.2 metres

| No. | Requirement | Complies <br> (owners <br> checklist) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| A | Front fences can only be solid up to a maximum height of 1.2 <br> metres. |  |

A. EXAMPLE OF SOLID 1.2 METRE FRONT FENCE


If the fence is within 1.5 metre of a driveway, or is on a corner lot. it still needs to provide for sightlines - refer example C and D.

### 2.2 Front fencing up to 1.8 metres

| No. | Requirement | Complies <br> (owners <br> checklist) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| B | Any section of fencing above a height of 1.2 metres is required <br> to be visually permeable (ie see through). Visually permeable <br> fencing must include 50mm vertical or horizontal gaps. |  |
| B | The maximum height for pillars is 1.8 metres and the maximum <br> pillar dimension is $400 \mathrm{~mm} \times 400 \mathrm{~mm}$ |  |

If the fence is within 1.5 metre of a driveway, or is on a corner lot, it still needs to provide for sightlines - refer example C and D.

## B. EXAMPLE OF SOLID 1.2 METRE FRONT FENCE WITH VISUALLY PERMEABLE SECTION ABOVE



### 2.3 Front fencing next to driveways

C. $\quad$ Fences within 1.5 metres of a driveway must be truncated, or the solid height reduced to 750 mm . This is to maintain sightlines for cars entering and egressing a lot.
C. EXAMPLE OF FENCE REQUIREMENTS ADJACENT TO DRIVEWAYS


### 2.4 Front fencing next to driveways a or for corner lots

| No. | Requirement | Complies <br> (owners <br> checklist) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| D. | For corner lots, fences must be no higher than 750 mm or must <br> be truncated within 1.5 metres of a street intersection. |  |

D. EXAMPLE OF FENCE REQUIREMENTS FOR CORNER LOTS


Fences next to driveways can have open infill above the 750 mm solid fence, as long as the design allows for clear sightlines.


### 3.0 WHY CAN'T I HAVE A SOLID FRONT FENCE?

The Residential Design Codes do not support high walls and solid fences on the front boundary because they visually affect the streetscape and generally separate residents from their street.


Above: Unattractive solid fencing creates an unfriendly environment for pedestrians and separates houses form the street.

The Codes are aimed at having interaction between dwellings and the street.


### 4.0 DO I NEED PLANNING APPROVAL?

You only require planning approval if you propose a fence that does not comply with the requirements of the Codes, as explained in this Information Sheet.

An application for planning approval is required if:

- A solid fence exceeds 1.2 metres in height;
- The section of fence above 1.2 metres is not visually permeable (with minimum gaps of 50 mm ) or the columns exceed $400 \mathrm{~mm} \times 400 \mathrm{~mm}$.
- A fence within 1.5 metres of a driveway has a solid height above 750 mm and is not truncated.
- A fence on a corner lot within 1.5 metres of the intersection has a solid height above 750 mm and is not truncated.

If you are unsure if your proposed fence complies, you can liaise with the Shires Planning Consultant or lodge sketch plans outlining any proposed fencing details.

If you write to the Shire prior to erecting any front fence, you will have a record of the Shire's written advice.

### 5.0 WHAT ABOUT DIVIDING FENCES?

Dividing fences are controlled by the Dividing Fences Act 1961.
The construction of new dividing fences or repairs to existing dividing fences should be discussed between the affected parties. The Shire of Shark Bay does not become involved in any civil issues arising from a dispute over a dividing fence.

To help property owners understand the law behind dividing fences, the Building Commission within the Department of Commerce has produced a comprehensive information booklet: Dividing Fences - Rights and Responsibilities which can be viewed from the Department of Commerce website - www.commerce.wa.gov.au.

### 6.0 BUILDING PERMIT APPROVAL

Front fences and dividing fences require a separate Building Permit approval when proposed in wind region C as defined in Australian Standard 1170.2. This includes Denham Townsite which is in wind region C.

Information on cyclone regions is available on the Shire's website -https://www.sharkbay.wa.gov.au/property/building/cyclonic-wind-design

Even though planning approval is not required, you will need to apply for a Building Permit for a new fence.

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[^0]:    Disclaimer : This information sheet is produced by the Shire of Shire of Shark Bay in good faith and the Shire does not accept any responsibility for any ramifications or repercussions from providing this information. This information sheet is correct as of September 2023 and may be modified without notification.

